

Pension
"Beth Hakerem"

TUESDAY
MAY 6, 1952
JERUSALEM
TEL. 2185

Column One
By
David Courtney

BENITO Mussolini—his body, that is to say, together with the leg that fell apart from it when, on a warm night in May 1946, a band of men lifted it from the famous grave in a field outside Milan and hid it in a monastery crypt hard by the little town of Pavia; Benito Mussolini's body, which had come into the possession of the Italian Government, is to be handed over to the dictator's widow, Donna Rachaelle, his sons and daughters, his friends, his loyal followers. They will re-bury it in a fine big sandstone sarcophagus at Predappio, in the Romagna, where Mussolini was born. On the sarcophagus will be carved the Roman lictor and the bound faggots with the curved axe, like an executioner's axe, in the middle, and across it will be inscribed the eloquently simple legend: "Mussolini, 1883-1945."

MANY people will attend the ceremony at Predappio. The Fascist Party of the M.S.I. has 300,000 members. The party hopes to add considerably to the number when the grandiose ceremony is done; for with the re-burial of Mussolini there should be a re-birth of the Mussolini mystique. And many there will be to remember the "eight million bayonets" against their present awareness of two million unemployed; and to recall how great nations then paid court to Fascist Italy where now they grudgingly give her dollars; and, of course, how the trains ran on time. Today, in Rome, you do as the Americans do; and exchange bricks with those who want to do as the Russians do. In Mussolini's day, say nostalgic Italians, there was reality in the saying: "When in Rome, do as the Romans do."

THE revival of Fascism in Italy is very sad. The Italians are a happy, good-natured, civilized people; not like the Germans, who have never been happy, good-natured or civilized; and who made of Mussolini's pompous absurdities a monolithically true creed. They laughed at his castor-oil and used gas-chambers instead; advanced from his outmoded and brutal colonial ambitions to world conquest and the enslavement of whole continents. The Germans are driven by their nature to a revival of Nazism; the Italians to a revival of Fascism by the landless plight of the peasants; by two million unemployed and matters getting worse; by political and economic confusion; by the fact that there is no place for a non-revolutionary Socialist or Social-Democratic party with a chance of effective power in a country of grim hardship, which sees itself in relation to the great and friendly nations of the West as merely an instrument in a negative policy of anti-Communism. The Italian peasants and workers have been driven to the conclusion that they must choose between the two extremes. In between there is nothing that seems likely to do them the slightest good.

IGNORANCE, GASPARI, reluctant to let his party would let him—has given his approval to the ceremonial re-burial of Mussolini. He felt that he had to do it because his party needs the support of the Fascists of the South in the local government elections and has already linked its candidates in the same lists as the candidates of certain Fascist groups. It is hoped that by letting one enemy in, the other—the Communists—will be kept out. There is no sense in it, but that is the way of continental politics now. The confusion of democracy and the frustration of the common people; and to the glory of the memory of "Mussolini, 1883-1945."

COMEHOW the trend in Italy will have to be halted. It must be halted if only to prevent the speedier and more dangerous revival of a Hitler mystique on the other side of the Alps; for if the one dictator can be rehabilitated in the minds of the people, so can the other.

Tel Aviv, May 6.

THE GOVERNMENT TOURIST CENTRE
AND THE FASHION DEPT. OF
MANUFACTURERS' ASSOC.

FASHION SHOWS
FOR TOURISTS

TEL AVIV: May 11, at 5 p.m. at the RAMAT
AVIV GARDEN HOTEL.
HAIFA: May 13, at 5 p.m. at the MEGIDDO
HOTEL, Mt. Carmel.

Tickets at Government Tourist Offices:
TEL AVIV, 19 Rehov Ben Yehuda
HAIFA, 3 Rehov Herzl
JERUSALEM, 6 Rehov Ben Yehuda.

THE JERUSALEM
POST

TUESDAY
MAY 6, 1952

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"SAPHIR"

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Anglo-U.S. Rift
On Naval Chief

LONDON, Monday (Reuters). — Britain today reaffirmed her objections to the appointment of an American Admiral as commander of all Allied naval operations in the Mediterranean.

Britain's position in the dispute was made clear by her three Chiefs of Staff in direct talks this morning with the U.S. Chief of Naval Staff Admiral W. Fechteler.

Admiral Fechteler recapitulated America's case for putting the Allied navy under the control of Admiral Robert Carney, U.S. Commander of General Eisenhower's southern flank, it is understood.

The U.S. maintains that Admiral Carney should control all the Atlantic Pact's naval forces in the Mediterranean to give full support to a land battle in Southern Europe.

The Atlantic Pact Council has asked that a solution to this 18-month old Anglo-U.S. dispute over the Mediterranean Command be prepared for its next meeting, probably next month.

British View
Britain maintains that the problem should be tackled functionally and not geographically, and that the area should come under a separate overall commander who would be directly responsible to the Atlantic Pact's top military body in Washington.

Prime Minister Churchill declined to comment in the Commons today on a newspaper report that Britain would reject an American admiral as Mediterranean supreme naval commander.

He said: "I am not at present in a position to make any statement of the naval command in the Mediterranean."

He added: "Discussions have only just begun in London. I believe the American Admiral proposed to go back to the U.S. before any final conclusion is reached."

Oil Strike Hits
U.S. Aviation
NEW YORK, Monday (Reuters). — Commercial, military and private aviation today felt the first effects of the U.S. oil workers strike, but other forms of petrol driven transport were not yet affected.

According to an order by the Secretary of Interior, Mr. Oscar Chapman, for 28 days beginning tomorrow, aircraft will not be allowed to take more than 65 per cent of the petrol they used in March of this year. This order applies also to foreign airlines flying from the U.S. It forbids export of aviation petrol without permission of the Petroleum Administration for Defence.

The air force began cutting training flights last week to conserve petrol reserves.

Muskegon, Mich. (UPI) — A strike of oil workers in support of the "no strike" promise of their union president, Mr. Philip H. Murray, has caused a shortage of fuel for the White House negotiations yesterday.

Senate Delays Action
On Foreign Aid Bill
WASHINGTON, Monday (AP). — The Senate voted today to delay action for at least 10 days on the \$9,000m. Foreign Aid Bill by sending it to the Armed Services Committee for further study.

The roll call vote was 40 to 33 in favour of a motion by Senator Will Knowland of California, to refer the measure to the Armed Services Committee with instructions to send it back to the floor by May 15.

Mr. Knowland said the Bill should go to the Armed Services Committee because 70 per cent of the money was for direct military purposes. The Committee should consider whether greater reductions could be made and whether military equipment destined for foreign allies is depriving the U.S. forces of needed material, he argued.

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Eden Wants Bonn
Peace Contracts
Concluded in May

LONDON, Monday. — Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden today decided to pursue plans for the signature this month of both the peace contracts with West Germany and the European defence treaty.

This decision came after today's talks with General Sir Ivone Kirkpatrick, British High Commissioner in Germany, who reported to Mr. Eden of the latest hitches liable to delay the peace contract negotiations and on the repercussions in Germany of the U.S. suggestion for Four-power talks on all German elections, diplomatic quarters believed.

Gen. Kirkpatrick came to London this morning and lunched with Mr. Eden after discussing the Western powers' reply to the latest Soviet note on Germany and the peace contract negotiations with Foreign Office officials. He flew back to Germany tonight.

The Three-power committee drafting a Western reply to the Soviet note did not meet today.

Proposed meetings of the committee planned for this morning and this evening were postponed—the latter because of the absence in Paris of the French Minister, Comte de Crouy Chancel, who is expected in London early tomorrow. The committee would then be able to meet at midday.

Reuter, West
BONN, Monday (AP). — West Germany will not recognize the legality of Allied war crimes trials in the proposed peace contract, the Federal Ministry of Justice announced today.

Half Year Rations
Assured — Joseph
POST Correspondent
NEW YORK, Monday. — Arrangements have been made for the purchase and financing of Israel's announced rations — including two months' supply of Argentine beef — for the next six months.

Dev. Joseph, Minister of Commerce and Industry, told newsmen today.

The Government will buy the commodities as the proposed food purchasing company had not materialized.

The accelerated release of \$25m. the remainder of the grant-in-aid, and loans for Zionist organizations and other funds have solved Israel's dollar shortage for the next six months, Dr. Joseph said.

El Al Inaugurates
Lydda-Cyprus Flights
POST Correspondent
NICOSIA, Monday. — El Al today started a new bi-weekly Cyprus service with luxury Curtiss Commando 12-seater passenger planes.

The service will run Mondays and Thursdays and affords two facilities — a practical connection for passengers from Greece coming to Cyprus from Athens on Sundays to link up with Monday Constellation flights to South Africa; to convey Cyprus passengers to Lydda on Thursdays to embark planes for Europe and Britain.

Pressmen and tourist office representatives were guests of El Al today in a flight over Cyprus aboard the first service from Lydda.

Lydda Airport, Monday (ITM). — The U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, had promised his support in finding a solution to the reparations talks, but no decision would be taken on a continuation of the Hague talks until concrete German proposals had been received, Dr. Nahum Goldmann said here today upon his arrival by Air France to attend the Zionist General Council meeting this week.

Dr. G. Josephthal, member of the Israel delegation to the talks, returned together with Dr. Goldmann. He will report to the Government on the negotiations, and will also attend the Zionist Council. He said that his return to London or the Hague depended on whether the negotiations would be resumed.

Syrian-W.German
Trade Talks
A German trade delegation is expected in Damascus this month to negotiate a new trade treaty between Syria and West Germany. The delegation will later visit other Arab capitals, A.N.A. reports.

According to the Old City daily "Falastin" a number of German experts arrived in Amman this week to assist in the building of cereal stores in Jordan.

U.S. ENVOY SEES
HASSUNA PASHA
CAIRO, Monday (Reuters). — U.S. Ambassador Jefferson Caffery today called on Foreign Minister Hassuna Pasha and remained with him for 45 minutes.

Mr. Caffery declined to comment on his visit during which, it was understood, Hassuna Pasha informed him of the latest developments in the Anglo-Egyptian situation.

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Clark Will Seek
'Honourable' Peace

UNITED NATIONS, Monday (Reuters). — The new Supreme Allied Commander in Korea, General Mark Clark, told a press conference here today he would do everything in his power to bring about an "honourable" armistice in Korea, followed by an honourable peace.

General Clark was on a visit to the U.N. Headquarters on the invitation of Secretary General Trygve Lie.

Mr. Lie said General Clark would face a "difficult task" in Korea, but he was sure he would be able to stop aggression there.

Korea Parleys Said
'Back in Doldrums'

TOKYO, Monday. — Korean truce negotiators met today for 11 minutes in their fifth secret conference in latest series of meetings. There was no announcement afterwards and spokesmen were pessimistic.

They saw little possibility that opposing sides would reach any agreement on their efforts to agree on armistice conditions. A few hours before today's meeting a United Nations official close to negotiators said talks were "back in doldrums."

Three major issues blocking an armistice are: repatriation of prisoners, Communist demands that Russia be one of neutrals supervising an armistice and U.N. insistence that the Communists suspend military airfield construction during an armistice.

Four Communist MIG-15 jets were shot down in a twilight fight last night, the Fifth Air Force reported today. Earlier in the day two other planes, both propeller driven, were shot down.

Britons Claim Peking's
Morm Charge Convincing
MOSCOW, Monday (AP). — Two Britons back from Peking after a two-week visit said they consider that the Chinese Communist Government's evidence on bacteriological warfare in North Korea and China is sufficiently weighty to justify further investigation.

Mr. Alec Horsley, Chairman of the Northern Delegation, said the evidence presented in Peking was so convincing that "no impartial man could be satisfied without the most thorough investigation."

Mr. Gregory MacLellan, of the Law Society, Glasgow-on-Tyne, said it is "inconceivable that all the evidence should have been forged."

They were impressed with alleged recordings of the interrogation of U.S. war prisoners who declared that they had conducted germ warfare for the U.S. forces.

JOLIOT-CURIE REPLIES
PARIS, Monday (UP). — Professor Frederic Joliot-Curie, former director of the French Atomic Energy Commission, today replied to charges that he had profited from the French Atomic Energy Commission's work on bacteriological warfare in Korea.

Answering Mr. Warren Austin, the U.S. Ambassador in Paris, Joliot-Curie said he had never received the U.S. offer of \$100,000 to launch a bacteriological warfare project in Korea.

Syria Raises Ban On
Foreign Currency
Syria has lifted all restrictions on foreign currency and free transactions are now permitted, ANA reported from Damascus yesterday.

Prior to the raising of the ban the official rate of the pound sterling was L.S.4.500 as against the "free" rate of L.S.2.000. The sterling rate rose within a few hours of lifting the restriction.

Zionist Leaders Here for Council
Mr. Benjamin G. Browdy, Z.O.A. President, said on arrival here today that the help being given by the Z.O.A. was without any conditions attached. The Z.O.A. had helped by collective action, as well as by their individual loans and donations of members.

Mr. Browdy, who will stay here for the opening of Z.O.A. House in Tel Aviv on May 12, will meet President Truman in Washington on May 24.

Mr. Harold Levine, President of the Jewish National Fund in America, and Mr. Moshe Fisher, Executive Director, for Communist Party, will also be in Jerusalem to participate in the Council. President Truman's representative, Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, will also be in Jerusalem.

Mr. Paul Goldmann, Secretary-General of the "Abidat Ha'Avot" — Poale Zion in the U.S. City — will also be in Jerusalem.

Knesset Debates Bill on
Jewish Agency Status

No Reply in Prague
On Oren Charges
The Czechoslovak Foreign Ministry has not replied to the request of the Israel Minister in Prague to explain what charges are being proffered against Mr. Mordecai Oren, who was arrested in Czechoslovakia on December 21, 1951.

Mr. Ben Asher said, in reply to a question by Mr. H. Ben-Asher (Mapai).

Attribution of anti-Czechoslovak activity to Mr. Oren, Mr. Ben Asher said, reminded him of the Dreyfus case.

The Israel Minister in Prague made the first approach to the Czechoslovak authorities only on February 15, 1952, because "the family and the friends of Mr. Oren failed to supply the Ministry for Foreign Affairs without delay all the information they had."

Mr. Sharret said. There were also rumours that Mr. Oren had been detained outside Czechoslovakia.

Mr. Oren is a Mapai leader, who visited Prague on his way from Berlin, where he attended the WFTU Congress.

According to information released by the Czechoslovak Foreign Ministry, Mr. Oren was detained because he was suspected of being a spy for the Czechoslovak Republic, which was in the process of being re-established.

Company Tax
Exporters have the benefit of smaller taxes on profits, instead of lower income tax, Finance Minister Eliezer Kaplan told Mr. Ishar Harari, Progressives.

Reduction of income tax to exporters was provided by a law adopted by the First Knesset, but it had been found that reduction of taxes of Company profits was better suited to their needs.

An amendment to that effect will be introduced shortly, and reductions given retrospectively.

New Member Sworn In;
Sgt.-at-Arms Seated
The Knesset resumed its sessions after the Pessah recess, with a eulogy spoken by Minister of Education Prof. Dinaburg, of the late Yehzekiel Hen, Mapai Knesset Member, who died recently.

Miss Rahel Tabari, a Jerusalem kindergarten teacher who replaces him, was sworn in.

Miss Tabari is the first Yemenite woman M.K. She was born in Rehovot.

Aluf Mishneh Yehoshua Benkind, the Sergeant-at-Arms, was today sworn for the first time in the Knesset. He wears an olive-green uniform, with the three stripes of his military rank, and a maroon coloured tab.

Foreign Ministry Decision To
Move to J'lem No Surprise
More were intended to speed up the process of construction in the capital, and hasten the plans, which have been under discussion for some time, for the actual move, which is not expected to take place before the end of the year, and possibly even later.

To Avert Hitch
The delay in the announcement so far is understood to have been due to the desire of the Foreign Ministry to move to Jerusalem, together with all other Government Ministries, was taken two years ago, and had been reiterated by Government spokesmen since then.

Diplomats Informed
Although the diplomatic corps was aware of the decision in principle, most did not know of the Cabinet announcement. Yesterday until queried by local and foreign correspondents last night for their reactions to the announced move, or until they read the papers this morning.

All are understood to be awaiting further instructions from their home Governments, who must take a decision on the move of the embassy, legations and representations from Tel Aviv to Jerusalem.

It is understood that the Government has not yet discussed the move of the President's Office from Haikrya to Jerusalem.

It is believed that yesterday's Cabinet discussion and announcement was sent to the Foreign Ministry.

Arab League Seeks
UNRWA Funds
The Arab League has officially approached the U.N. with a request that funds allocated for Palestine Arab refugees should be transferred to the League, which would carry out the work hitherto done by the U.N. Relief and Works Agency, ANA reported from Cairo yesterday.

A bill to grant the Jewish Agency a charter to conduct activities of land development and absorption of immigration was tabled by Prime Minister David Ben Gurion in the Knesset yesterday.

The terms of the charter were not suggested in the bill. The 12-paragraph bill states only that the World Zionist Organization, "which is also the Jewish Agency for Palestine," would be "the recognised agency" for absorption of immigrants and land development, created half a century ago.

It had always led the popular movement for the return of the Jewish people to its fatherland, and, helped by other Jewish institutions, was instrumental in creating the State of Israel. The Jewish Agency and its funds would be exempt from taxes in Israel, according to the bill.

The State of Israel expects the Jewish Agency to endeavour to associate all Jews, whether as private individuals or as public bodies, in the building of the State, the bill also stated.

The Prime Minister, in his 40-minute introduction, explained the principles on which the Bill was drafted. Zionism, he said, was the "mother" of the State of Israel, for it shaped the Jewish people's will for an independent state.

The State, however, was not created by those who had actually immigrated into Palestine and those who had been born here.

The State of Israel is the asset of the Jewish People as a whole, and it cannot survive without the continued and active help from the whole of the Jewish people in the political, moral and economic fields.

The Zionist movement should not interpose itself between the State and the Jewish People. Its special position in the State of Israel arises from the past support to the creators of the State, and will be maintained until a wider representation of the Jewish People is found to serve its main purpose, namely the ingathering of Exiles.

State is Sovereign
The State of Israel, Mr. Ben Gurion said, was sovereign within its bounds, and its citizens alone shape its Government and its destiny. Jews in foreign countries obey the laws of their Governments, but, unless they live in totalitarian countries, they may assert their affinity to Jews everywhere.

Where Jews refuse to do so are not better patriots of the countries in which they live, but merely less sincere. The fate of the Jews everywhere depends, in many respects, on what happens to the State of Israel, in the same degree as the fate of the State depends on the future of the Jews in the world.

Jews came to Eretz Israel either because they were aware of a vision of the future, or because they were driven by the need to escape persecution.

Mr. Ben Gurion said that the Jewish Agency was a "natural" part of the Jewish people, and that it was the only movement that endeavoured to redeem the Jewish people.

Mr. Zaiman Aranne said that the Jewish Agency was a "natural" part of the Jewish people, and that it was the only movement that endeavoured to redeem the Jewish people.

Mr. Y. Kessah said it was Mr. Ben Gurion who had initiated the demand for a status for the Jewish Agency; the opposition was wrong in assuming he was against it.

It was Mr. E. Genshinski who discovered that today was the anniversary of the birth of Theodore Herzl.

Many of the speeches recalled those heard during the Zionist Congress, when a proposed "status" was first debated. Some speakers pointed out the draft law contained only part of the agreement reached at the Congress.

Mr. Ben Gurion will reply to the debate today, and the Bill is expected to pass to the Legislation Committee. Mr. Peretz Bernstein said the General Zionists will vote for the transfer to the committee, while Mapai is expected to present their own version of the Bill. Herut and the Communists will vote against it.

Mr. Yitzhak Pappe said that Hapoel Hamizrachi supported the draft.

Members of the Jewish Agency Executive, now in Jerusalem, were present in the visitors' gallery during the discussion. Shalom Aesh, the author, also was in the gallery, and later was seen in the lobby in tense discussion with the Prime Minister.

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OF MAY

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THE WEATHER	A	B	C	D
Jerusalem	70	75	78	80
Tel Aviv	70	75	78	80
Haifa	70	75	78	80
Beirut	70	75	78	80

FORECAST: Partly cloudy, becoming clear.

(A) Monday at 3 a.m. (B) Monday at 6 a.m. (C) Monday at 9 a.m. (D) Monday at 12 noon.

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Israel Experts' Advice Sought

POST REPORTER

Three Israeli experts are scheduled to leave shortly for this country's first representative mission to be invited by foreign organizations in an advisory capacity. It was learned yesterday in Jerusalem.

Dr. A. Tishchik of the Chemical Division of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, and Mr. Y. Saidoff, who is in charge of dam building in the Negev, will leave for Ceylon next month to advise on industrial development, especially on salt technology. Chosen by the U.N. Technical Assistance Organization as the best experts available for the project, the two experts, who gained their experience at the Dead Sea works, will seek methods to produce salt from ocean water using the sun's energy to evaporate the product.

Dr. Tishchik, who will head the mission, will remain in Ceylon for two years, while Mr. Saidoff, who will be the engineer in charge, will stay for one year.

Another expert is Mr. A. Dr. Leuzer, who is in charge of national irrigation projects in the Ministry of Agriculture. He has been invited by the Colonial Development Corporation, which was established by the British Board of Trade and the Colonial Office, to advise on irrigation schemes for Swaziland, the protectorate in southern Africa, which has problems similar to those in the Negev.

Mr. Dr. Leuzer is expected to leave for London next week en route to Swaziland where he will stay for six or eight weeks.

NEW PIPE PLANT AT NAHARIYA

HAIFA, Monday. — Work on the construction of the Israel Asbestos-Cement Industries Ltd. (Isasbet) pipe manufacturing plant began last week on a 170 dunam site north of Nahariya, between the shore and the railway line. Production of soil pipes is scheduled to start at the end of 1952, of pressure pipes next spring. The plant will also make asbestos-cement flat and corrugated sheets and containers for industrial and agricultural purposes. The foreign currency outlay on the plant's projected output of pipes — 25,000 tons a year — is estimated at \$3m.

Isasbet is the joint venture of Mr. X. Federmann, Haifa industrialist, and a leading Swiss asbestos-cement concern, which has undertaken to train a number of Israeli technicians at its Swiss plants who are to fill key positions at the Nahariya factory. The concern has also sent its chief planning engineer, Mr. W. Schuepp, to Israel to supervise plant design and construction.

The project will comprise factory buildings, warehouses for the storage of raw materials, metal and wood-working shops, laboratories, testing station, a garage and service station, offices, inventory, restaurant and a clubhouse. The work is expected to start at the site to obtain an independent water source, as the factory will need about 100 cfm an hour. Specially constructed trucks for the transportation of 100 tons of cement a day from the Nahariya factory to the plant site have been ordered. A railway siding will be constructed at a later stage.

Construction Halted, 60 Men Halted

HAIFA, Monday. — Work on the construction of the new spinning plant for the Moller-Doe Textile Corporation here has been suspended making 60 men jobless following a Government order that the corporation pay an equalization levy of IL270,000 on machinery and equipment ordered and paid for in Switzerland a year ago.

The Moller-Doe Textile Corporation, an "approved enterprise" was registered and incorporated in U.S.A. in October, 1949, and operates in Israel as a foreign company. It was doubtful whether the machinery could be imported under the present conditions, a spokesman of the company said.

J'lem City Employees Threaten to Strike Today

JERUSALEM, Monday. — Employees have announced that they will go out on strike tomorrow at noon if they do not receive their April salaries by that time.

It will be recalled that a similar situation developed last month and a strike was avoided by a last minute agreement. Since that time teachers in the city have threatened to strike unless their special allowances were paid, while several food suppliers have again warned that they will stop their shipments to school kitchens unless their bills, which are outstanding for a number of months, are paid.

Personal Notice

Dr. RENA WARSHAVSKY—wife of

DR. YORAM NE'EMAN

has pleasure in announcing the

BIRTH OF A DAUGHTER

On May 3, 1952.

Karobelnik Bros. Get 7 Years Each

TEL AVIV, Monday (JTM). —

The brothers Yehuda and Yehuda Karobelnik were sentenced to seven years' imprisonment each by the District Court here today.

Yesterday they were found guilty of the manslaughter of Nissim Levi in Jaffa, last September; the charge of murder was dropped for lack of sufficient evidence.

The accused were today ordered to pay the widow of the murdered man IL9,380 in damages, for the support of herself and her three young children.

The widow, on hearing the sentence, shouted: "Murderers, seven years only for the life of my husband!"

After sentence had been pronounced, the Karobelniks told reporters that they were going to appeal, claiming that they did not kill Levi but had merely assaulted him.

A strong police contingent, which guarded the Court this morning, took them to a waiting van on their way to the Tel Mond prison.

2 Years Jail For Manslaughter

HAIFA, Monday. — Fledding guilty to the manslaughter of Ze'ev Friedman, 35, of Tamra, on September 4, 1951, Fadil Ali Kadan, 22, of Na'ura village, Lower Galilee, was sentenced to two years' imprisonment, by Judge M. Landau, at the District Court here this morning.

According to the prosecution, the accused, a shepherd, threw a two kg. stone at Friedman, killing him instantly, when the latter approached a group of four shepherds in the village fields, to talk about hay which had been spoiled by their cattle, in the fields of Tamra.

Defence counsel, Mr. Ali Z'ubi, said that Friedman, and some of his friends went into the fields to detain one of the shepherds, because of the damage caused by their cattle, whereas they should have called the Police. The shepherds fled when they saw the settlers approaching, and the settlers had started throwing stones.

Blood Money

Meanwhile peace had been made between the two villages, and IL 2,500 blood money, the largest sum ever paid, had been given to the Tamra villagers, by the Na'ura village, which was famous for its friendly relations with its Jewish neighbors and its inhabitants had never run away. "In spite of this incident, relations between the two villages are still excellent," he said.

The accused had candidly told all the circumstances of the incident to the Police. He confessed his complicity. He asked the Court for utmost leniency.

Passing sentence, Judge Landau said that there were mitigating circumstances. The stone was thrown in a fit of anger, two groups, and the accused had not meant to kill. Peace had also been made previously. On the other hand, the accused, through an act of violence, caused the death of a man. The Judge ended, the accused was evidently satisfied with his sentence, and kissed the hands of the Police officer, who accompanied him, while the handcuffs were put on him.

Mr. Y. Bahadur, Galilee District Attorney, prosecuted.

HAIFA PORT PROBE

HAIFA, Monday. — Two senior police officers here are conducting an inquiry into charges against a Port Police officer suspected of abuse of office, it is reported here. The inquiry had been ordered by the Inspector General of Police, and the file is said to list 30 charges.

Another inquiry is being made by the Customs authorities against the same Port police officer, who recently tried to take one and a half tons of iron from the Port area. A vigilant customs inspector, spot-checked the lorry, as it was about to pass the gate, and discovered this load to be brand new building iron while the gate pass issued by the Port Authority was identified as "scrap." It is not yet known how the release of the iron was authorized without a permit of the Stock Controller or how the iron was "devalued." The inquiry was initiated by the State Comptroller, it is learned.

Salvage Work AT HAIFA

HAIFA, Monday. — The 450-ton Danish salvage tug, the s.s. Garm, arrived here this morning for salvage operation on the s.s. Gucum Erman which sank in Haifa Bay on December 14, 1951.

The 450-ton Turkish freighter sank in a storm when she was torn off her anchorage and was smashed on the wreck of a British tanker sunk in the area. Eight seamen and a stowaway went down with the freighter.

The s.s. Garm was sent here by the Swedish Salvage Co. of Copenhagen. A group of experts were sent to the wreck immediately and are to make a survey report to the agent, the Israel-Scandinavian Maritime Agency Ltd., tomorrow.

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THE DRAW
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MAY 13, HAIFA